

AQA Religious Studies (Specification A) Religious, philosophical and ethical studies Scheme of Learning

Year 9 - Term 3/4 Christian Beliefs

<u>Intent – Rationale</u>

AQA GCSE religious education paper requires students to study two religions. Across the trust we study Christianity and Islam. Students must know both beliefs and practices within the religions. This scheme will cover Christian Beliefs including keywords, concepts and exam practice. The scheme will address core Christian beliefs which form the foundation to their religion, including the nature of God which focuses upon denominational similarities and differences, the oneness of God and concept of the Trinity, differences of belief surrounding creation (Genesis and John's Gospel), the incarnation, crucifixion and resurrection of Jesus Christ. The afterlife and judgement are finally studied, alongside the role of Christ in salvation.

Sequencing – what prior learning does this topic build upon?	Sequencing – what subsequent learning does this topic feed into?
 Yr 7 – Morality: Planet X and the role of others (strong focus on Jesus) Yr 7 – Justice: Jesus, Christian parables and MLK Yr 8 – Arguments for God (Christian perspectives) Yr 8 - Resurrection of Jesus: What happened to the body 	 Yr 10 Christian Practices: all elements of this topic are fed into from studying reasons behind why Christians worship, importance of prayer, the sacraments adhered to by Christians, the meaning and impact of Holy Communion, the role and importance of pilgrimage, reasons behind the celebration of festivals and the role of the Church in the local community. GCSE Themes A, B, D, F: all areas require students to discuss topical areas and cross reference to Christian beliefs underpinning them.
What are the links with other subjects in the curriculum?	What are the links to SMSC, British Values and Careers?
 Geography History English 	 (SP1) An ability to be reflective about their own beliefs, religious or otherwise, that inform their perspective on life and their interest in and respect for different people's faiths, feelings and values. (M2) An understanding of the consequences of their behaviour and actions: the study of the afterlife and judgement. (C1) An understanding and appreciation of the wide range of cultural influences that have shaped their own heritage and those of others: the study of the presence of different Christian denominations. (BV5) tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs: the study of different Christian denominations.
What are the opportunities for developing literacy skills and developing learner confidence and enjoyment in reading?	What are the opportunities for developing mathematical skills?
 Keywords Spellings Exam practice Whole school SPAG initiative 	Percentage of followers in different Christian denominations



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Intent – Concepts

What knowledge will students gain and what skills will they develop as a consequence of this topic?

Know

It is the expectation that by the end of the topic pupils will know the different Christian beliefs surrounding the nature of God based upon denominational differences, the oneness of God presented in the belief in the Trinity and together with the different Christian beliefs about creation, with particular study upon the scriptures of Genesis and John's Gospel. The stages of the incarnation, crucifixion, resurrection and ascension of Jesus Christ are additionally to be understood, and pupils to finally know about the afterlife, that covers the ideas of judgement, heaven, hell, sin and the role of Christ in salvation.

Apply

Knowledge can be applied through practice exam style question 4, 5 and 12, regular Socrative quizzes to test key knowledge and understanding of concepts and frequent keyword tests. At the end of the topic a formal assessment is undertaken with a particular focus. Year 9 assessment week provides another opportunity for pupils to demonstrate knowledge and understanding retention and application to GCSE exam style questions.

Extend

Pupils to evaluate the views of themselves and others using religious evidence in order to substantiate and develop claims and help develop their own developing ideologies.

Pupils to analyse the impact the views held will have on individuals, communities and denominational groups and establish conclusions to reflect this process.

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What subject specific language will be used and developed in this topic?	What opportunities are available for assessing the progress of students?				
 Catholic- a branch of Christianity based in Rome and led by the Pope 	A range of 12 mark questions				
 Orthodox- a branch of Christianity mainly, but not entirely practised in Eastern Europe 	A range of 4 or 5 mark questions – Teacher assessed				
 Protestant- a branch of Christianity, originally Protestants were called by that name because 	• A range of 4 or 5 mark questions – Peer assessed.				
they protested against some of the practices of the Catholic Church; there are many Protestant	Yr 9 internal examination (assessment week)				
denominations, but they all agree on the central belief that the Bible is the only authority for					
Christians.					
 Denomination- a distinct group within the Christian faith with its own organisation and 					
traditions					
God- Supreme Being					
 Monotheistic- a religion that believes there is only one God 					
 Omnipotent- almighty, having unlimited power; a quality of God 					
 Benevolent- all-loving, all-good; a quality of God 					
 Justice- bringing about what is right and fair, according to the law, or making up for a wrong that 					
has been committed					
 Trinity- the belief that there are three persons in the one God; the Father, the Son and the Holy 					
Spirit are separate, but are also one being					
 Son of God- a title used for Jesus the second person of the trinity; denotes the special 					
relationship between Jesus and God the Father					
The Word- term used at the beginning of John's Gospel to refer to God the Son					
Incarnation- becoming flesh, taking a human form					
Resurrection- 1. Rising from the dead; 2. Jesus rising from the dead on Easter day. An event					
recorded in all four gospels and the central belief of Christianity					



- Crucifixion- 1. Roman method of execution by which criminals were fixed to a cross; 2. The execution of Jesus on Good Friday
- Ascension- the event, 40 days after the resurrection, when Jesus returned to God, the Father, in heaven
- Heaven- a state of eternal happiness in the presence of God; the place of eternal peace ruled over by God
- Hell- the place of eternal suffering of the state of being without God
- Afterlife- what Christians believes follows life on earth
- Day of Judgement- a time when the world will end and every soul will be judged by God and rewarded or punished.
- Sin- 1.any action or thought that separates humans from God. 2. Behaviour which is against God's laws and wishes or against principles of morality
- Salvation- saving the soul, deliverance from sin and admission to heaven brought about by Jesus
- Atonement- restoring the relationship between people and God through life, death and resurrection of Jesus.



Intent - Concepts

Lesson title	Teaching activity/task	Assessment/Progress Check	Differentiation/Challenge/Extension	Homework Task	Resources
The Nature of God	Starter- Brainstorm as	Whole class feedback on brainstorm	Differentiation: whole class	Research the Trinity- to provide 3	Christian Beliefs- 1. The Nature of God
(inc. God as	many characteristics of	Completion of questions set- peer	questioning-stretch and challenge	summary points	PowerPoint and 1. Worksheet
omnipotent, loving	God (drawing upon	mark and verbal feedback and	higher order level thinking (within all		
and just)	current and prior	update.	lessons).		
	knowledge and	Plenary whiteboard quiz	Challenge: Do you think everyone will		
	understanding).		have the same view on what God is		
	Study diversity of		like? Explain your answer with		
	Christianity tree and		examples to support.		
	provide a relevant caption				
	to demonstrate				
	understanding of diversity				
	of Christianity to date.				
	Keyword match up and		Estantian Multa the seconds		
	completion of worksheet.		Extension: Write the response a Christian would make to someone who		
	Written task on PowerPoint slide				
	(analysis).		said that a loving God would not allow suffering. Think of two arguments and		
	Plenary-whiteboard quiz		develop them through P.E.E.L		
	Pieriary-writteboard quiz		develop them through F.E.E.L		
The Oneness of	Starter- mini whiteboard	Starter-mini whiteboard- whole class	Challenge: How does belief in the	'The Trinity is a helpful way of	Christian Beliefs- 2. The Oneness of the
God and the Trinity	activity-current	feedback- current level of knowledge	Trinity influence Christians (in their	describing God.' 12 mark	Trinity PowerPoint, 2. FARM, 2.
	understanding of the	and understanding check.	practices and attitudes?)		HOMEWORK, 2. The Nicene Creed, 2.
	Trinity.	Spokespeople: teach your partner			Trinity task, 2. Trinity answers.
	Discussion activity to	Completion of worksheet and Nicene	Extension: Nicene Creed task- provide a		
	capture the essence of the	Creed- peer mark and feedback	P.E.E.L paragraph explaining how the		
	Trinity.	12 mark response-homework	Creed can be used to support the		
	Partner Discussion.		concept of the Trinity.		
	Worksheet tasks.				
	Nicene Creed task.				
	Plenary-exit pass.				
God as Creator	Starter- partner mind-map	Whole class feedback on starter	Challenge: can pupils make links to the	Homework: Summarise Christian	Christian Beliefs- 3. God as creator
	relating to ideas	activity	design argument and first cause if not	belief surrounding creation into 3	PowerPoint
	surrounding creation	Peer mark keyword match up	already flagged up.	essential pieces of information for	
	(possible links to yr 8-	Youtube clip- self marking tool for	Genesis analysis: What parts of the	someone who know absolutely	
	design argument and first	pupils, linking to starter activity.	Trinity were involved in creation?	nothing about Christianity; this can	
	cause)	Analysis of scripture- verbal	Extension: do you think this story	then act as a future revision aid for	
	Keyword match up Youtube on seven days of	Test your knowledge questions	(creation) has meaning in modern day?	this lesson.	
	creation-pupils to make				
	notes on order of				
	creation.				
	Genesis (1:1) whole class				
	analysis.				



	Comparison to John's Gospel Test your knowledge questions L2- summary of different interpretations of Genesis 1. Examination of John's gospel Mind-map summary 2x 4mark questions Plenary- complete starter mind-map with any new information gained.	Verbal and written feedback Exam questions- WAGOLL- peer mark	Challenge: do you think it is possible for religion and science to co-exist? Challenge/extension: evaluation of presented argument		
Incarnation (Avatar)	Starter- human and divine characteristics identification. Divine and Human card sort- analysis of gospel accounts. Recap of the Christmas story in bullet point form. Watch the trailer of avatar to help demonstrate the idea of the incarnation. Completion of topic on a page worksheet. Plenary- key beliefs and quote review-bullet points.	Students verbal feedback Topic on a page completion	Challenge: high order thinking to be prompted through targeted questioning for stretch and challenge of analysis. Challenge: explain whether you believe the story to be accurate. Prompt questioning of why. Extension: included on topic on a page worksheet.	Plenary questions can be set to be completed in full for homework.	Christian Beliefs- 4. Incarnation PowerPoint and 4. Topic on a page.
Jesus Project	Create an informative booklet about who Jesus was and why he is important to Christians. Pupils to make sure they evaluate the impact belief in Jesus has on the community of believers. The booklet should include the following topics: The Incarnation	Formal teacher assessment of the project (see resources for guidance). Time checks to be given throughout the task to keep pupils on task and support progress.	Challenge and Extension work will derive from the self-assessment table on the task sheet given to pupils and prompts suggested; they will be encouraged to work to their learning path as a minimum and then stretch and challenge themselves by fulfilling criteria from higher pathways. This may form as an in-class activity or homework if completed within the given time frame.	Continue to work on completion of the project to meet the given deadline (2/3 lessons dedicated to the project, dependent upon time constraints).	Christian Beliefs- 5. Jesus Project (2) and 5. Project Jesus teacher feedback. Textbooks to be used to source relevant information.



	The Son of God The Crucifixion Resurrection Ascension Jesus' role in Salvation		Specific teacher questioning may be given if the pupil has fulfilled all paths.		
Heaven and Hell	Starter- pupil independent questionnaire to gauge own ideologies on heaven and hell. Keyword identification and discussions. Read fact sheet and complete flow chart of depicting Christian beliefs. Parable of the Sheep and the Goats reading and question. Plenary- true or false table.	Pupils verbal feedback through discussions. Correct completion of flow chart. Plenary- correct identification of true/false statements-peer mark.	Challenge: teacher targeted questioning throughout. Challenge: how does the parable link to evil and suffering? Extension Task: Read through the two model answers, and use the GCSE examination criteria to give a level to each answer.	Revision for end of topic test.	Christian Beliefs- 8. Heaven and Hell PowerPoint, 8. Starter, 8. Heaven and Hell written fact sheet, 8. Life and Death flow chart, 8. Parable of the Sheep and Goats, 8. Plenary True or False Table.
End of topic test	Pupils to complete the test in exam conditions.	Formal teacher assessment	A range of exam style questions given: 1, 2, 4, 5 and 12 marks	-	Christian Beliefs- 9. End of topic test.