Ethics and Philosophy Knowledge Sequencing – KS3

By the end of Key Stage 3 all students in Ethics and Philosophy should:

- Acquire core knowledge and understandings of the beliefs and practices of the religions and worldviews which not only shape their history and culture, but which guide their own development.
- Be religiously literate and able to hold balanced and informed conversations about religion, beliefs, and values.
- Be sufficiently confident in their own beliefs and values that they can respect the religion and cultural differences of others and contribute to a cohesive and compassionate society.

Prior k	(nowledge	In KS3 Ethics and Philosophy lessons students will build on prior learning from their experiences at primary school. The 40+ primary schools feeding into KSHS mea	ns that students arrive with different experiences of learning
111011	anowicuge	about religion and different worldviews at KS2. The majority will be using the Lincolnshire Agreed Syllabus which enables us to build on the prior knowledge that s	· · · · · ·
		Our focus is to establish prior knowledge early in the Year 7 course and develop and build on substantive knowledge of both religious and non-religious and to develop social sciences as well as to acknowledge their own personal knowledge and how this affects their own worldview. Topics are based around an enquiry question at through it: Justice, Salvation, God and Community.	
Future	· Knowledg	The curriculum in KS3 will prepare students for the following future learning: understanding the link between beliefs and practices and how these can differ within consider how those of different religious and non-religious worldviews approach different ethical issues and to evaluate those different positions. The KS4 curriculum: Justice, Salvation, God and Community.	
	Term	Key Knowledge	Assessment Focus
	2	What impact does religion have on the world? What is meant by a worldview? The development of religion. The origins of the major world religions and where they are practiced today. The Seven Dimensions of Religion and the impact the following have on society today: symbolism, teaching and authority, worship, practices and celebrations and morality.	Baseline and knowledge test and social science – data analysis and extended answer.
Year 7	3	What effect do /moral/ethical decisions have on human behaviour? What is ethics? Nietzsche on morality and what he meant by "God is dead". Is sport the new religion? Utilitarianism as a method of making moral decisions. The Trolley problem. What does Arendt mean by the 'banality of evil'? Are humans more than just matter? Application of morals to animal rights, drugs, the environment and poverty.	Knowledge test and extended written answers to answer the enquiry question.
	5	Are religious teachings on justice relevant/upheld today? What is justice (through looking at key teachings from Christianity and Islam) and what it meant to key figures such as Maria Gomez, Jesus, Martin Luther King and Malcolm X. A look at other forms of discrimination in society today – racism, sexism, homophobia.	Knowledge test and newspaper article
	6	How does the Hindu view the divine differ to the Abrahamic faiths? What is the nature of God as portrayed by the Abrahamic faiths? What is the Hindu concept of the Divine? What relevance do the numerous gods and goddesses have? What is dharma? A comparison of life after death.	Knowledge test
	Term	Key Knowledge	
	1 2	Does Technology challenge the value of human life? Have the improvements in medical technology helped or hindered our society?: Gene technology, cloning, transplants, IVF. Eugenics, weapons and mass destruction and Al. Debate on the issues.	Knowledge test and extended evaluation question
	3	Whose responsibility is it to help those in need? Which way is the world moving towards – need or greed (a consideration of how this is viewed by Buddhists), why is charity needed and how best can this be given – Christianity and Islam.	Knowledge test and create your own charity project assessment
Year 8	5	Is it important to remember the bad times as well as the good? Why are festivals important, detailed look at Shabbat (Judaism), Ramadan/Eid UI-Fitr (Islam) and Holi (Hinduism).	Knowledge test and create a new festival
	6	Can belief in God be rational? What is truth? A consideration of Plato and Descartes' views on truth and what we know to be real. Arguments for the existence of God: first cause, design, experience. Does the idea of God make sense? The views of Freud and Marx on religion. Are atheists right about faith?	Knowledge test
	6		

Term Key Knowledge					
Do all humans have the same rights? Human Rights: what are they and why are they important. Prejudice and Discrete responses to them: racism, sexism, homophobia, religious freedom of expression.				Knowledge test and evaluation question	
Is this life all there is? Consider the different views on life after death. Comparison of the Abrahamic faiths, dharmic faiths and those of no faith.			Knowledge test and debate		
GCSE Christian beliefs: The nature of God, the Trinity, The role of Jesus and beliefs in life after death.			Knowledge test and exa	am questions	
6 GCSE Theme F: Human Rights and Social Justice: Poverty and response to it from both Christianity and Islam.	GCSE Theme F: Human Rights and Social Justice: Poverty and response to it from both Christianity and Islam. Knowledge test as		Knowledge test and exa	d exam questions	
portunities for developing literacy skills and developing learner confidence and enjoyment in reading	Links to British Values	Links to Careers		Links to Other Personal Development	
ents are introduced to key religious and non-religious terminology throughout the Key Stage 3 course and are provided with glossaries for each of work as well as key words on PowerPoint slides. **Leachers apply school literacy and marking policy to help support students.** **Extracts from different scripture - NIV Bible, English translation of Qur'an (The Majestic Qur'an) and numerous extracts from Hindu, Sikhi. and Buddhist texts **Extracts from text books: **O Collins KS3 Knowing Religion: **World Religions: Judaism, Christianity and Islam (Orme and Lewis) **Biblical Literacy (Orme) **Philosophy and Ethics (Orme) **Explore RE (Clarke, Hayes and Parry) **Other useful texts for students to explore: **A Little History of Religion – Holloway **A Little History of Philosophy – Warburton **Sophie's World – Gaarder **Just Think: Philosophy Puzzles - West	We respect each others views in discussions, but that disagreement should be done in a respectful way. We are respectful towards religious and non religious views We consider the importance of the Golden Rule – Treat others as you would want to be treated. The Rule of law in EP Students consider the rules and laws which are needed when making ethical and moral choices Consider the importance of religious rules such as the Ten Commandments and following non religious ideals such the Universal Declaration of Human Rights Students gain an understanding of the consequences of behaviour and actions Tolerance of Different Faiths and Beliefs in EP Students consider the impact religions have had on society. Students consider the importance of	write extensive and make decimork. Student listening skills debates. Teamwork - step to produce an example of skills disciplines: the and from the step to make it imagination to charity and feet to charity	on skills — students can ely and can evaluate sions in their written is develop oracy and through discussion and students work in groups discussion and ely and can evaluate students work in groups discussion and students work in groups discussion and ely and opinions in class. It is a students are taught in the students are taught in the sused by different evological, philosophical social sciences. Sing skills — students are reating or when creating or when creating in the stival in Year 8 and in grant different ways to	Living in the wider world - Understanding of justice and the way those who are oppressed are fought for in different ways. - Understanding of different peopl and cultures - Understanding of religious and non-religious worldviews and how these impact on the wider world Relationships: - The role of women in religion - Understanding the religious and non religious positions on homosexuality Health and wellbeing - Managing study and revision time effectively and knowing how to effectively revise in EP. - Recognising new challenges and the importance of resilience Knowing how and when to access support.	

Students are encouraged to be

religious views

Democracy in EP

celebrate diversity.

respectful towards religious and non

Students are encouraged to value and

signposted in lessons and permanent displays-

Pupils are regularly supported and provided

with guidance on necessary grades required for

GCSEs, A Levels, and subsequent careers-GB3/8

Popular careers with links with EP/RS include:

	 Students are encouraged to state and justify opinions, carefully thinking through issues for themselves. All students have an equal right to be heard. Students consider justice in society today. Police teaching and lecturing military careers Medicine Social care HR Lawyers Charity workers 		
	Individual Liberty in EP		
	 Students consider questions about identity and belonging Students consider the constraints and responsibilities placed on all of us by our cultures, faiths and beliefs. Students consider diversity within religions and how believers choose to practice faiths in different ways. 		
Extra-Curricular and Co-Curricular Opportunities	Links with other subjects in the curriculum		
Earth Club Quiet Reading Interact	 Geography – Origins of religion, Hindu Dharma and culture of India English – written and oral communication PD – tolerance, diversity, respect, empathy History – Martin Luther King, Malcolm X, Maria Gomez (Liberation Theology) Maths – Venn diagrams, statistics, and data. Technology – use of AI, Food linked to culture and traditions. Science – Medical ethics (Eugenics, IVF, Genetic engineering), Nuclear power and weapons 		

Ethics and Philosophy Knowledge Sequencing – KS4

By the end of Key Stage 4 all students in Ethics and Philosophy should:

- Acquire core knowledge and understandings of the beliefs and practices of the religions and worldviews which not only shape their history and culture, but which guide their own development.
- Be religiously literate and able to hold balanced and informed conversations about religion, beliefs, and values.
- Be sufficiently confident in their own beliefs and values that they can respect the religion and cultural differences of others and contribute to a cohesive and compassionate society.

Prior K	nowledge	In KS4 students will consolidate and build on the following prior learning: the identified Golden Threads of Justice, Salvation, God and Community. Students will all evaluating, assessing and discussion through both written work and discussions.	so build on and refine their skills of decision-making,	
Future	Knowledg	The KS4 curriculum will prepare students for the following future learning; writing well-evidenced extended writing through assessing, discussing and evaluating; disciplinary skills and approaches to real-world issues. This can be built upon further through studying A level Religious Studies.	applying substantive knowledge of beliefs through the use o	
	Term	Key Knowledge	Assessment Focus	
Year 10	2	GCSE Theme D: Religion, Conflict and Peace: Violent protest and terrorism, reasons for war, use of weapons (WMD and Nuclear), the Just War theory and Islamic concept of Jihad, Holy war, Pacifism, religious responses to victims of war.	Knowledge tests and use of exam questions	
		GCSE Islam beliefs, teachings and practices: All parts of the topic are to be taught through the story of the life of Muhammad. The nature of God, Predestination, Angels, Prophets, Holy Books, Life after death. The Sunni Shi'a split, Worship, Charity, fasting, pilgrimage, Jihad and festivals.	Knowledge tests and use of exam questions	
	4		Y10 examination.	
	5	GCSE Christian Practices: Different types of worship, prayer, the sacraments: baptism and eucharist, pilgrimage, festivals: Christmas and Easter and the role of the Church in the local community: Food banks, Street Pastors, mission and evangelism, reconciliation and persecution and the Church's response to world poverty.	Knowledge tests and use of exam questions	
	6	GCSE Theme B: Religion and Life: Creation (Universe and human life) – Religion vs Science (big bang and evolution theories), the environment, animal rights.	Knowledge tests and use of exam questions	
	Term	Key Knowledge		
	1	GCSE Theme B: Religion and Life: sanctity vs quality of life, abortion, euthanasia and death and the afterlife.	Knowledge tests and use of exam questions	
11	3	GCSE Theme A: Relationships and Families: Human sexuality: heterosexual and homosexual, sexual relationships before and outside marriage, contraception and family planning, marriage, divorce and remarriage, the nature and purpose of families, beliefs about gender equality.	Knowledge tests and use of exam questions Y11 mock exams 1: Paper 1: Beliefs, teachings and practices of Christianity and Islam	
Year	4	Structured revision on prior topics	Y11 mock exams 2: Paper 2 – Themes Optional paper – retake paper 1	
	5	Exams		
	6			
Oppor	rtunities f	or developing literacy skills and developing learner confidence and enjoyment in reading Links to British Values Links to Careers	Links to Other Personal Development	

Students are introduced to key religious and non-religious terminology throughout the Key Stage 4 course and are provided with glossaries for each unit of work as well as key words on PowerPoint slides.

Class teachers apply school literacy and marking policy to help support students.

All KS4 students have access to their own personal revision guide and revision material on Teams.

- Extracts from different scripture NIV Bible and English translation of Qur'an (The Majestic Qur'an)
- Extracts from text books
 - o AQA GCSE Religious Studies A Christianity (Fleming, Smith and Wordern)
 - o AQA GCSE Religious Studies A Islam (Fleming, Smith and Wordern)
 - o AQA GCSE Religious Studies Spec A (Parry, Hayes and Butler)
- Other useful texts for students to explore:
 - o A Little History of Religion Holloway
 - o A Little History of Philosophy Warburton
 - o Sophie's World Gaarder
 - o Just Think: Philosophy Puzzles West
 - Teach yourself Christianity Young
 - o Teach yourself Islam Maqsood

Mutual Respect in EP

- We respect each others views in discussions, but that disagreement should be done in a respectful way.
- We are respectful towards religious and non religious views
- We consider the importance of the Golden Rule – Treat others as you would want to be treated.

The Rule of law in EP

- Students consider the rules and laws which are needed when making ethical and moral choices
- Consider the importance of religious rules such as the Ten Commandments and following non religious ideals such the Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- Students gain an understanding of the consequences of behaviour and actions

Tolerance of Different Faiths and Beliefs in EP

- Students consider the impact religions have had on society.
- Students consider the importance of tolerating everyone's worldviews
- Students are encouraged to be respectful towards religious and non religious views
- Students are encouraged to value and celebrate diversity.

Democracy in EP

- Students are encouraged to state and justify opinions, carefully thinking through issues for themselves.
- All students have an equal right to be heard.
- Students consider justice in society today.

Individual Liberty in EP

- Students consider questions about identity and belonging
- Students consider the constraints and responsibilities placed on all of us by our cultures, faiths and beliefs.
- Students consider diversity within religions and how believers choose to practice faiths in different ways.

Pupils signposted to careers that have skills associated with the subject -GB4

- Communication skills students can write extensively and can evaluate and make decisions in their written work. Students develop oracy and listening skills through discussion and debates.
- **Teamwork** students work in groups to produce and present ideas.
- Presentation skills Students develop confidence in articulating ideas and sharing view and opinions in class discussion and through presenting key ideas to others.
- Analytical skills students are taught a range of skills used by different disciplines: theological, philosophical and from the social sciences.
- IT and computing skills students can use IT when creating presentations or when creating videos.
- Creativity students use their imagination to present key information in different ways.

Further and higher education opportunities signposted in lessons and permanent displays-GB7/8

Pupils are regularly supported and provided with guidance on necessary grades required for GCSEs, A Levels, and subsequent careers-GB3/8

Popular careers with links with EP/RS include:

- Police
- teaching and lecturing
- military careers
- Medicine
- Social care
- HR
- Lawyers
- Charity workers

Living in the wider world

- Understanding of justice and the way those who are oppressed are fought for in different ways.
- Understanding of different people and cultures
- Understanding of religious and nonreligious worldviews and how these impact on the wider world

Relationships:

- The role of women in religion
- Understanding the religious and nonreligious positions on homosexuality
- Gender equality
- The nature of different relationships and of families – the religious and non-religious positions.

Health and wellbeing

- Managing study and revision time effectively and knowing how to effectively revise in EP.
- Recognising new challenges and the importance of resilience.
- Knowing how and when to access support.

Extra-Curricular and Co-Curricular Opportunities	Links with other subjects in the curri	culum		
Earth Club Quiet Reading Interact	 Geography – wealth and poverty in the world, Arabian society and impact of the land on society. English – written and oral communication PD – tolerance, diversity, respect, empathy History – Just War Theory, Dietrich Bonhoeffer, role of women in the Church. Maths – Venn diagrams, statistics and data used. Science – Big bang theory, theory of evolution and Abortion 			