### **ART Scheme of Learning**

# Year 9 – Term 1 - 2 / Module 1 / Foundation Projects

#### Intent – Rationale

The vital role of art and design plays in our school community is to allowing curiosity, creativity and self-expression to develop alongside resilience, confidence and critical thinking skills. We strive to enable every student to find a voice and find meaning in visual language. Our curriculum introduces every member of our school community to a wide range of media equipping them with the practical skills needed to express themselves confidently visually, through play and experimentation leading to refinement. Our curriculum equips every student with an understanding of art and artists and the essential role that the visual arts plays in society, so that they can appreciate, enjoy and value the creative arts in its many forms, its cultural and contextual importance, applying this knowledge to their lives. Our Art Curriculum strives to equip all our students to be risk takers, evaluators and reflective and engaged learners, we strive to encourage our students to embrace the ambiguous when presented with problem solving activities, developing creative thinking skills.

Sequencing – what prior learning does this topic build upon?	Sequencing – what subsequent learning do
Ss will complete 4 short different modules during this foundation unit – What is Art? /Graffiti / Still life & Photography designed to lead into the main Surrealist & Save the planet project. Practical skills will be built from their Year 8 & 7 experiences Critical skills will be built from their looking and responding to artists in Yr7 & 8	<ul> <li>Gives Ss a strong base to make the more independent work</li> <li>Ss gain knowledge and experience in 4 key areas of Art and Photography / Fine Art / Responding to Artists &amp; Public Art</li> </ul>
What are the links with other subjects in the curriculum?	What are the links to SMSC, British Va
<ul> <li>Art covers many subjects in these 4 mini projects – cultural / social and historical aspects are all covered in some depth and how they influence photography / Fine Art / Public Art and Art itself</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All British values</li> <li>Careers covered with what is art and all GB4 covered ov</li> <li>SP1234</li> <li>M3</li> <li>SO3</li> <li>C1234</li> </ul>
What are the opportunities for developing literacy skills and developing learner confidence and enjoyment in reading?	What are the opportunities for developing
<ul> <li>Ss will respond directly to a range of artists from modern and contemporary Art /Photography / Graphic Design</li> <li>Ss will develop "looking at Art" skills which incorporates basic research skills and reading from art gallery websites and articles on the different Art areas in class and at home</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gridding up and measuring</li> <li>Photography and camera settings</li> </ul>



#### loes this topic feed into?

ork in the next longer projects nd Design in these short projects – Art forms

/alues and Careers?

over the projects

ng mathematical skills?

# **ART Scheme of Learning**

# <u>Year 9 – Term 1</u>

### Intent – Concepts

What knowledge will students gain and what skills	will they develop as a consequence of this topic?	
Kno	<u>w</u>	
Ss will build knowledge in a range of Art skills – making & creating and critical skills through a series of small short / workshop style p		
Photography basics and what is photography		
How to identify and recognise different kinds of Art and Design		
Gaining knowledge in Exploring a range materials and media through the projects		
<u>Apply</u>		
They will apply practical skills to Photography tasks, painting tasks and Gra Independent working and Individualised learning and <u>Exter</u> Ss will develop their own work and become more independent – r	d one to one instruction throughout the project. <u>nd</u>	
What subject specific language will be used and developed in this topic?	Millest ann anton Miles and and Italia fan annaring th	
	What opportunities are available for assessing th	

### Intent – Concepts

Lesson title	Learning challenge	Higher level challenge	Sugg



ojects
spects that influence creatives
sessions.
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the progress of students?

aggested activities and resources

What is Art? 3 lessons.	Discussion & Debate	Ss have the opportunity to	Developing Sketc
<b>Discussion</b> Ss discuss a number of concepts around what is art?	Identifying the different	further develop their artwork	
<b>Critical skills</b> Introduce a range of images from the folder – really to stimulate discussion and opinion about what they like and don't like. Encourage Ss to write down words and terms about colour,	genres of Art	and the layout with one to	
subject, brushwork and other formal elements.	Note taking	one input and instruction	
<b>Demonstration</b> Demonstrate using an image on the screen.		from the teacher.	
Start PPT with the first slide – get Ss to write down what Art is to them.			
Show students and talk to Ss about visual note taking/sketchnotes – show this			
video ( <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gY9KdRfNN9w</u> ) and expand and explain – Ss will be creating a what is Art page in their sketchbook ; students need to be clear about the 3 key elements			
of sketchnoting _ TEXT_heirachy /IMAGE/LAYOUT <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3tJPeumHNLY</u>			
<b>Critical skills</b> Continue to work through the PPT explaining and exploring the different styles and			
types of Art - Teacher needs to clarify & get Ss to recognise and identify the different qualities of these			
3 distinct areas of art.			
<b>Visual notetaking</b> session – Ss will create a dynamic colour page which illustrates What is Art. T will need to demonstrate on the board and show examples of what is required.			
Graffitti – 6 lessons	Students will sketchnote on	Ss are able to further	All resources can
Research stage Introduction to Graffiti and what it is - using youtube video and stills - Highlighting -	what Graffiti is from the video and from the input	develop their	
the fraternal kiss, the Obama Hope & Banksy artwork float the subject of this module and what Grafitti is.	during the lesson	undersanding of Graffiti by	
Use of exemplar / Artist study Using the PPT introduce Ss into the different types of graffiti –	Ss will create a page which	developing their	
slides 5-14	highlights 3 different styles	sketchnote to include more	
Ss are to work on slide 15	they have chosen with illustrations	details.	
Retrieval activity Start lesson wit Slide 16. I	liustrations		
Exploration & Experimentation phase	Ss need to have created a		
Introduce Slide 17 with teacher demo on board on how to develop a letter Slide 18 / 19 to help create	page of single letter	They can develop their	
their own work.	experiments	own artworks to a larger	
Colour considerations at the moment to be just black and white.		scale and a wider variety of	
<b>Development/Design &amp; planning</b> Ss begin to develop their successful words / phrases into colour – using complementary or analogous or black and white colour combos. Ss are to choose a social /		outcomes.	
political theme to make their Graffiti about. They must come with an image to work from with small			
amount. of text.			
<b>Final outcome phase/</b> Ss create page of experiments and sketches for their graffiti piece. Using watercolours students create their outcome.			
Still Life – 6 lessons	Discussion and debate,	Ss able to further develop	https://fstoppers.c
	note taking.	their understanding of the	your-still-life-photo
Research Stage- Lesson 1 -		genre of still life by using	
Introduction to the source of still life with recell estimity referring to work done in VO	Recall of art terminology	the creative note taking	https://www.yout
Introduction to the genre of still life, with <b>recall activity</b> referring to work done in Y8.	(composition, lighting,	skills they have used in	https://youtu.be/G
Examples of still life with <b>recall activity</b> referring to last project (still life as a genre not	tone, impasto	previous projects.	
important; used to show-case belongings, use of symbols; exception Dutch still life). Use of	complementary and	previous projects.	https://youtu.be/0
exemplar using power point; Dutch still life, Van Gogh, Matisse, Picasso, Thiebold, Lisa	analogous)	Engaging with artworks	
Milroy & examples of contemporary still life painting. Recall activity - colour theory work		and understanding the	
done in Y7 and 8. <b>Recall</b> of art terminology. Ss make notes on 3 images of their choice and	Identifying different	context (historical, social	
from them choose 1 to do in more detail as homework.	styles of painting and	and technical) that they	
Use of exemplar / Artist study – students make notes in sketchbooks of the images they	making links to previous	were created in.	
have looked at, with notes (isms, use of colour, brushwork)	learning (What is Art		
Evaluration and evalution phase lesser 2	project).		
Exploration and experimentation phase- Lesson 2-	Students learn	Students learn	
	photography skills which	photography skills and are	



etch note page of What is Art? an be found here: s.com/education/three-easy-hacks-help-makeotography-stand-out-253540 utube.com/watch?v=iJdgc7x-s40&safe=active e/Gsmjdx0ArVk e/088v4hXE4xs

How to take a good photograph; cropping, filters, manipulating shadows and light, texture and form.	they apply to their own practice.	able to experiment with and develop their	
How to grid/grid up an image. <b>Recall</b> — some students will have completed or just started a portrait project in which croping and gridding were used. <b>Homework</b> is set to take and print out (A4 if possible) 3 photographs of their own still life arrangement with a minimum of 3 objects. <b>Focus</b> is on composition, lighting and detail eg reflections, shadows, textures, patterns). Two you tube clips to watch. Students are given a gridding-up task to complete in the lesson.		creativity.	
Development/Design & Planning- Lesson 3		Students are able to manipulate and refine	
Students bring their images to the lesson and make the decision which one they are going to work from. The photographs are stuck in their sketchbooks and annotated, explaining www & ebi about the images. Students grid up and begin to sketch out their image.		complicated imagery identifying & selecting key elements of art.	
Exploration and development phase – Lesson 4		Students develop their paintings using a wider	
<b>Recall activity</b> Painting, colour-mixing, using different brushes, brushwork, paint consistency. Before they begin their painting, students consider backgrounds, and the process of building an image. Exemplar material. They should also consider the style they have chosen to paint in (impressionist, fauvist, pop art etc).		range of brushwork and colour-mixing skills	
Final outcome stage			
Students continue to work on their A3 or square paintings, which should reflect the style of painting that they chose from the research stage of the project.		Work will show an influence of a particular style of painting from the research part of the project, and will have more challenging elements, demonstrating a sound understanding of the elements of art, as well as confident/refined handling skills.	
Photography – 6 lessons - Research Stage Introduction to how photography is used and how it has recorded history. Examples shown of the different areas of photography such as Landscape, portraiture, abstract Some iconic photographs shown and discussed such as 'Adolf Hitler in Paris', Tank Man, The Falling Man (911), Raise the Flag at Iwo Jima, The Terrors of War(AKA Napalm Girl) and Afghan Girl . Use of exemplar / Artist study	Intro to photography and Ss will develop knowledge of key photos from History. Ss to discuss the imagery and write notes/thoughts	Use of language and terminology	https://www.pir experiments/ https://www.pir rauschenberg/



pinterest.co.uk/clifford0605/montage-

pinterest.co.uk/clifford0605/robert-

Ss are to discuss the above photographs in their rows/tables. Why are they so iconic? What time period do they think it is from? What is happening in the image? Who are the people? Is it a key moment in History that is being recorded? Is it timeless? Ss to then feedback to the group their thoughts on the image. T to then give facts about the images and inform students about why, where, how, who etc. <b>Retrieval activity</b> - What is photography? Question asked as starter? What can they remember about their photographs?	in books. Ss to add facts and dates to their notes. Small sketch of photograph.	More informed research and high-quality note taking/responses.	
Exploration & Experimentation phase Students are to use their mobile phones to take 20 photographs of textures and patterns around the school site. Their focus will be repetition, textures, colour and reflection with examples shown from Pinterest. (link in description) Ss MUST upload their photographs to Teams and have them printed for the next lesson. All photographs to be stuck into book. Contact sheet explained and how they are used by photographers. Development/Design & planning Ss to use their photographs from previous lesson to explore photomontage. They will rip, cut, slice, manipulate their imagery through hand-based techniques and create three different experiments/compositions. Each one will have a different theme. 1. Colour 2. Repetition 3. Pattern Again, examples shared from Pinterest Final Outcome phase Students to develop their designs and recreate an A3 final piece using their 3 designs as inspiration.	20 Photographs to be taken each student. Photos to be added to books. Contact Sheet 3 photomontage designs Final A3 Photomontage outcome.	More advanced techniques and consideration of key elements, such as light/dark, angle, composition, camera settings. More complex designs	

